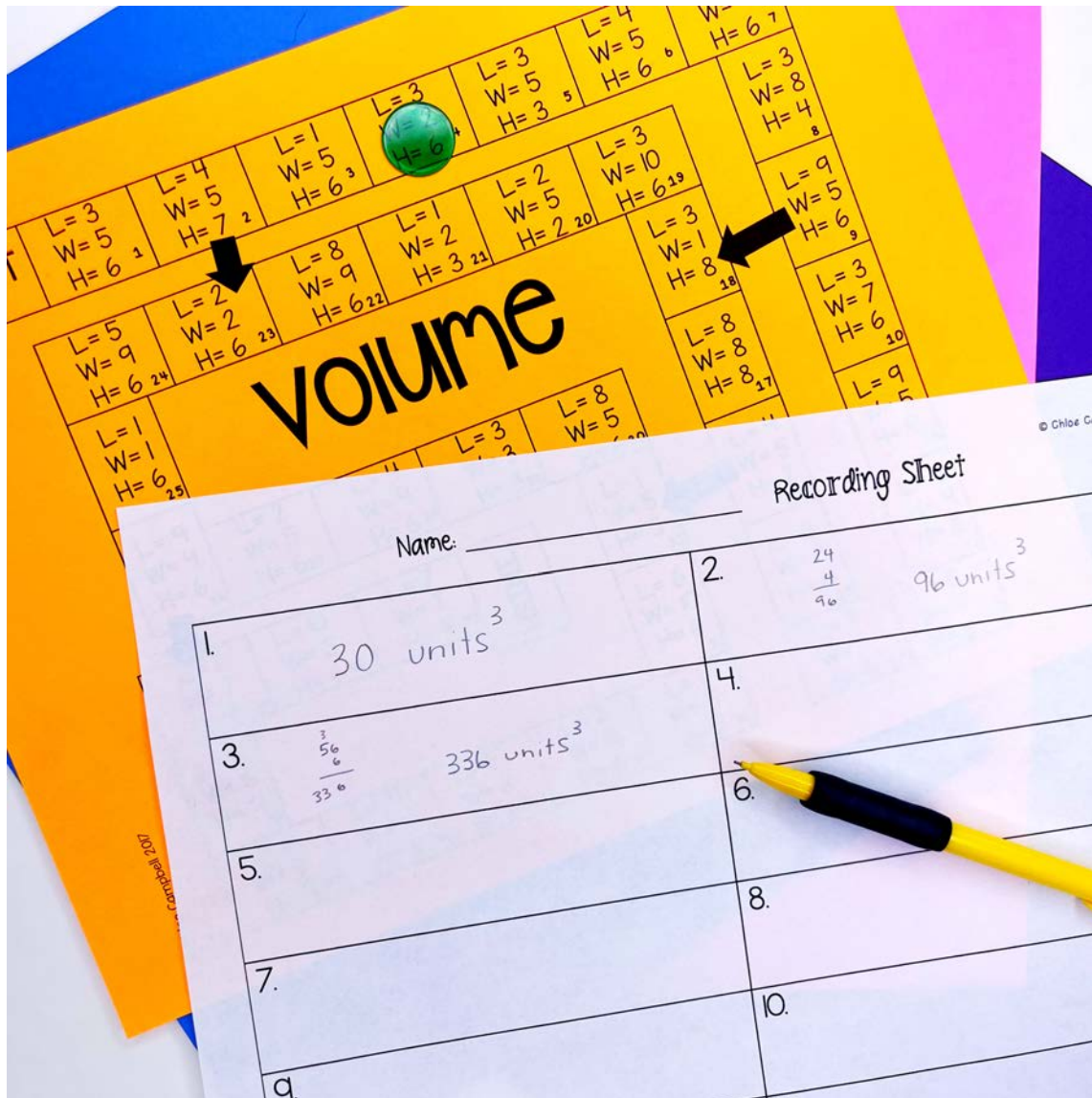
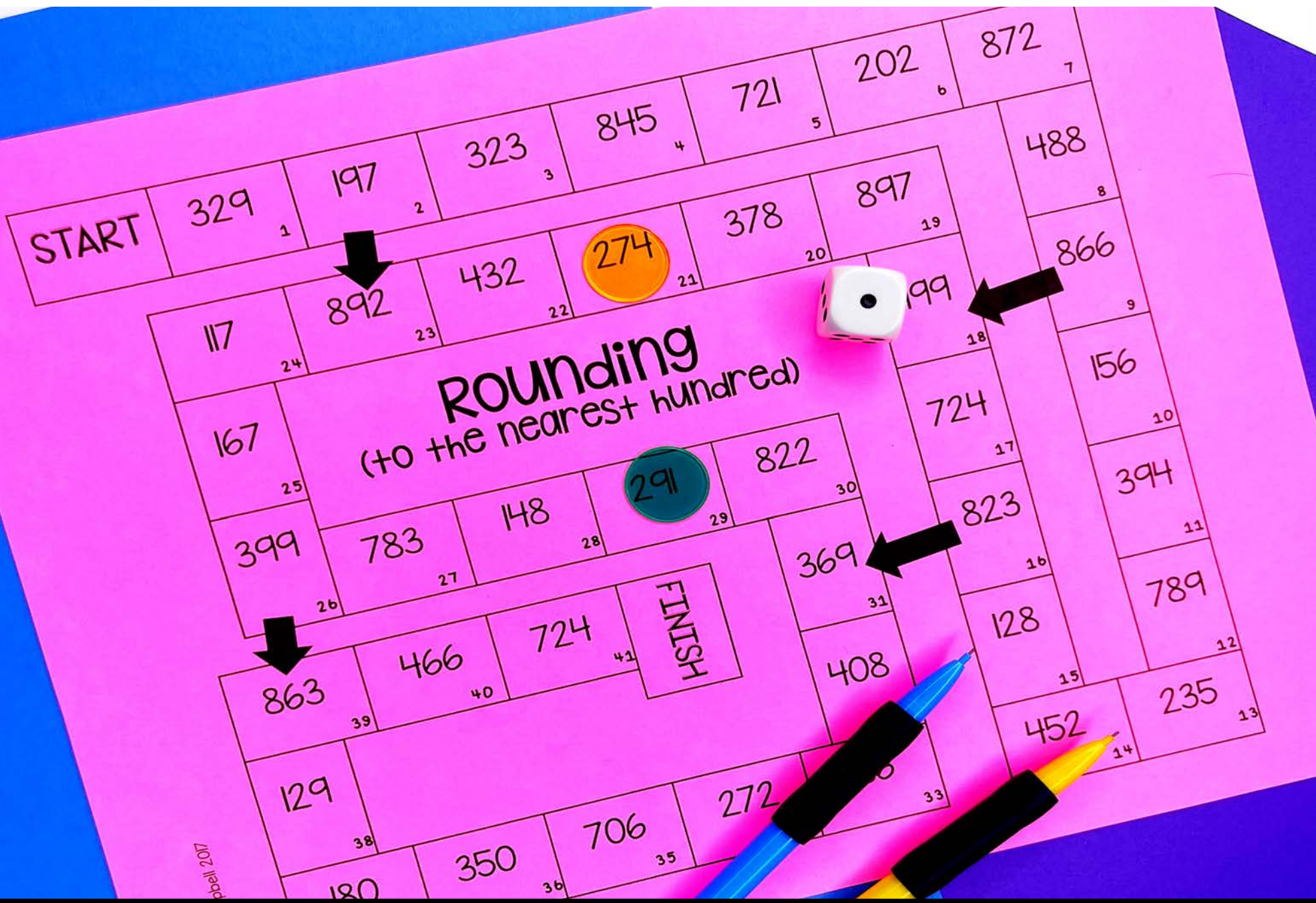


Are you sick of using your math textbook? Chances are your students are bored, too!



Don't spend any more time planning, searching, or brainstorming. Everything you need is in this easy to use download!

MATH BOARD GAMES



MATH BOARD GAMES

Recording sheet

Plotting ordered pairs on coordinate grids

© Chloe Campbell 2017

START (3, 4)₁ (7, 2)₂ (9, 4)₃ (3, 9)₄ (1, 0)₅

(3, 17)₂₄ (19, 15)₂₃ (8, 19)₂₂ (14, 9)₂₀ (2, 8)₁₉

(0, 19)₂₅ (16, 19)₂₆ (0, 12)₂₇ (10, 16)₂₈ (18, 7)₂₉ (17, 13)₃₀

(19, 11)₃₉ (5, 18)₄₀ (8, 16)₄₁ FINISH

(10, 0)₃₈ (20, 9)₃₁ (14, 1)₃₂ (18, 3)₁₇

(0, 7)₃₇ (14, 1)₃₂ (13, 5)₁₅ (16, 5)₁₄ (5, 1)₁₃

START	(3, 4) ₁	(7, 2) ₂	(9, 4) ₃	(3, 9) ₄	(1, 0) ₅
	(3, 17) ₂₄	(19, 15) ₂₃	(8, 19) ₂₂	(14, 9) ₂₀	(2, 8) ₁₉
	(0, 19) ₂₅	(16, 19) ₂₆	(0, 12) ₂₇	(10, 16) ₂₈	(18, 7) ₂₉
	(19, 11) ₃₉	(5, 18) ₄₀	(8, 16) ₄₁	FINISH	(20, 9) ₃₁
	(10, 0) ₃₈	(14, 1) ₃₂	(13, 5) ₁₅	(16, 5) ₁₄	(5, 1) ₁₃

Includes student direction page

Directions

You'll need a dice or a spinner for each game board and a game piece for each player.

The person whose name comes first in alphabetical order will play first in the game. Roll the die and move that number of spaces on the game board. Each person will solve the problem on their own recording sheet.

Everyone will double check their answers with each other. If you have the same correct answers, the next person should roll the die. If you have different answers, discuss it with your team. Find a mistake in your work or try to solve the problem again, then the next player may go.

*If you land on a space with an arrow, you must solve the problem before moving to the next space.

*If you finish early, play the game again.

MATH BOARD GAMES

© Chloe Campbell 2019

Name: _____ Recording Sheet

30¢

2.

60¢

START	3 quarters, 2 dimes 1	4 nickels, 1 dime 2	2 dimes, 2 nickels 3	4 quarters, 7 pennies 4	4 dimes, 3 nickels 5	8 dimes, 2 nickels 6	2 quarters, 1 dime 7
-------	--------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------

3 quarters 24	4 quarters, 3 nickels 23	5 nickels 22	8 dimes, 16 pennies 21	10 dimes, 4 nickels 20
------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------------	---------------------------

2 nickels, 2 dimes 25	Adding Coins		
1 dime, 3 pennies 26			
2 quarters, 2 dimes 27	4 nickels 28	5 quarters, 2 dimes, 3 pennies 29	

10 quarters 39	3 pennies, 4 nickels, 6 dimes 40	6 dimes, 17 pennies 41	FINISH
4 dimes, 2 nickels 38			
3 quarters, 4 pennies 37	1 dime, 2 nickels 36	7 nickel 35	



Name: _____
9, 18, 27, 36

START	multiply by 2 1	add 13 2	multiply by 3 3	add 2 4
subtract 2 24	add 3 23	subtract 2 22	multiply by 3 21	multiply by 2 20
add 8 25	subtract 5 26	add 9 27	subtract 2 28	

Patterns
(start your patterns with the number in the corner of each list the next three terms)

PURCHASE NOW TO INCREASE STUDENT ENGAGEMENT!

“These are great for small group stations! What a fun task card adaptation. Students get to play a fun and competitive board game, but they also get to practice learning. Plus, the recording sheet makes it easy to grade and monitor student progress; they aren’t just playing they are actively learning and participating with evidence of ability. Great resource!” -Teacher

“This was a hit during centers. All students were engaged, and better yet- learning! Love this!” -Teacher

“This is absolutely perfect; so worth the investment!” -Teacher

“Great practice for each skill! Awesome for test prep, review, and the kids love playing!” -Teacher

Comparing Decimals

19.3 94.3 13.42 8 24.2 2.42
23 22 21 20
0.21 0.210 0.221 2.21 3.45 0.352.44
27 28 29

Multiply Fractions by a Whole Number

$6 \times \frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{2}{2} \times 8$ $\frac{1}{6} \times 3$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ $\frac{2}{3} \times$
2 1 2 3 4
 $7 \times \frac{3}{10}$ $5 \times \frac{5}{10}$ $6 \times \frac{7}{9}$ $8 \times \frac{2}{4}$ $9 \times \frac{4}{6}$
24 23 22 21 20
 $\frac{1}{4} \times 3$ $\frac{1}{5} \times 6$ $\frac{1}{10} \times 8$
28 29 30

8 dimes, 4 nickels
4 dimes, 3 nickels
4 quarters, 7 pennies
2 dimes, 2 nickels
10 dimes, 4 nickels
8 nickels, 16 pennies

START (3, 4) (7, 2) (9, 4) (3, 9) (1,)
1 2 3 4
(3, 17) (19, 15)

Download now to see your students engaged while practicing math skills!

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

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Patterns

Start your patterns with the number in the corner of each box. List the next three terms.

START

- multiply by 2
- add 13
- multiply by 3
- add 2
- add 9
- multiply by 4
- multiply by 10

Patterns

START

- subtract 2
- add 3
- subtract 2
- multiply by 3
- multiply by 2
- multiply by 2
- multiply by 3
- add 3
- add 7
- add 9
- multiply by 2
- add 9
- multiply by 2
- add 9
- multiply by 10
- multiply by 1

FINISH

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Writing/Solving Expressions

START

- $(6+4)-2$
- $(10-6)+2$
- $(3 \times 2)-5$
- $(8+2) \times 6$
- $9-(8+1)$
- $2+(3+4)$
- $12-(8-5)$

Writing/Solving Expressions

- $2 \times (5+8)$
- $22-(18-5)$
- $(9-7)+6$
- $15+(5 \times 3)$
- $3+(5 \times 9)$
- $2+(5 \times 8)$
- $21-(18+2)$
- $7 \times (7+3)$
- $9-(8 \times 7)$
- $2+(5+3)$
- $5+(5 \times 8)$
- $(7 \times 7)+3$
- $(5 \times 9)-3$
- $(9+3) \times 2$
- $20-(4+2)$
- $(6+2) \times 5$
- $4 \times (5+8)$
- $13 \times (9-2)$
- $(3 \times 2)-5$
- $3 \times (8-3)$
- $(-9)+3$
- $(24+4)+3$
- $(18 \times 1)-7$
- FINISH
- $6+(8-6)$
- $2+(5+8)$
- $9 \times (100-45)$
- $88+(9+2)$
- $3+(60+36)$
- $(64-59)+87$
- $(9 \times 5)+5$
- $3 \times (8 \times 6)$
- (-2)
- $20+(4+1)$
- $24+(7 \times 2)$
- $(14 \times 2)+2$
- $(4 \times 2)-5$
- $(6+4)-2$
- $(5 \times 8)-2$

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Order of Operations

START

- $10 \times (5+10)$
- $3 \times (42+6)$
- $(24+3) \times 5$
- $(4+1)-28$
- $(2+5) \times 10$
- $(3+9)+99$
- $(9+)$

Order of Operations

- $26+84-24$
- $92+(4-2)$
- $6 \times (6-3)$
- $(55+64)+62$
- $15+(34+8)$
- $9 \times (52-4)$
- $3+(4 \times 7)$
- $(90+10) \times 5$
- $585-(70-56)$
- $(45+45)+9$
- $81+(30-6)$
- $(8+4)-2$
- $40-(5+5)$
- $9 \times (3 \times 10)$
- $(11-1)+2$
- $3 \times (4+2)$
- $7 \times (3+1)$
- FINISH
- $(8 \times 8)-63$
- $(9-)$
- $9 \times (100-45)$
- $88+(9+2)$
- $3+(60+36)$
- $(64-59)+87$
- $(9 \times 5)+5$
- $3 \times (8 \times 6)$

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writing decimals

START 345, 105, 1024, 052

5432, 3108, 1457, 5081, 1208, 9521, 052

9.31, 2.95

Multiplying & Dividing Powers of Ten

START 8.5 × 10³, 248.92 × 10⁴, 128 × 10³, 498.32 × 10³, 415.95 × 10², 52.8 × 10⁴, 582.61 × 10⁷

4.654 × 10⁷, 7231 = 10², 72.264 × 10³, 96.536 = 10², 74.3 × 10³⁰, 66.5 × 10^{2.33}, 8.15 × 10⁷

35.3 × 10², 76.978 × 10², 9.96 = 10⁴, 23.976 × 10^{1.30}, 6.45 × 10³, 7.95 × 10⁴

56.461 × 10², 5.47 = 10⁴, 8.73 × 10⁴, 88.44 = 10²

FINISH

Adding & Subtracting Decimals

START 4.32, 9.134, 1.387, 2.358, 9.9

4.01, 2.59, 7.34, 1.1, 9.73

8.90, 4.812, 5.32, 8.76, 4.56, 1.972

2.455, 1.257, 9.87, 5.655

9.108, 3.121, 7.3, 2.1

FINISH

Multiplying Powers of Ten

START 8.5 × 10³, 248.92 × 10⁴, 128 × 10³, 498.32 × 10³, 415.95 × 10², 52.8 × 10⁴, 582.61 × 10⁷

654 × 10⁷, 7231 × 10², 72.264 × 10³, 96.536 × 10², 74.3 × 10³⁰, 66.5 × 10^{2.33}, 8.15 × 10⁷

7 × 10³³, 3.595 × 10³

Multiply Whole Numbers (3x2 and 3x3)

START 431 × 24, 348 × 12, 91 × 381, 27 × 174, 199 × 34, 172 × 56, 981 × 57

242 × 38, 658 × 17, 596 × 185, 174 × 675, 62 × 642, 839 × 493, 434 × 52

229 × 17, 982 × 454, 496 × 129

Multiplying Decimals

START 2.59 × 94, 32 × 84, 11 × 11, 48.2 × 0.98

Rounding Decimals

START 4.32, 9.134, 1.387, 2.358, 9.9

4.01, 2.59, 7.34, 1.1, 9.73

8.90, 4.812, 5.32, 8.76, 4.56, 1.972

2.455, 1.257, 9.87, 5.655

9.108, 3.121, 7.3, 2.1

FINISH

Dividing Decimals

START 4.32 ÷ 1.98, 2.3 ÷ 0.1, 3.24 ÷ 9.5, 4.55 ÷ 0.5, 9.99 ÷ 3.2, 0.3 ÷ 0.5, 0.9 ÷ 9.3

4.01 ÷ 4.2, 2.59 ÷ 94, 3.2 ÷ 84, 11 ÷ 11, 48.2 ÷ 0.98, 2.3 ÷ 5.2, 3.22 ÷ 0.92

8.90 ÷ 0.32, 4.812, 9.834 ÷ 0.13, 3.1 ÷ 9.4

Multiplying Decimals

START 3.2 × 0.95, 4.29 × 5.6, 4.56

2.57 × 8.1, 9.87 × 1.3

Multiply Whole Numbers (2 digits × 2 digits)

START 41 × 24, 38 × 12, 91 × 38, 27 × 14, 19 × 34, 12 × 56

24 × 38, 68 × 17, 56 × 35, 14 × 67, 12 × 61, 89 × 43

29 × 17, 92 × 45

Comparing Decimals

START 8.5, 5.8, 9.2, 9.20, 2.62, 5.1, 1.34, 1.32

5.28, 5.28, 4.21, 1.93, 4.43, 1.342, 8.2, 2.8, 2.4

0.2, 2.0, 0.21, 0.210, 0.221, 2.21, 3.45, 0.382, 4

2.5, 5.32, 0.92, 0.31, 9.42, 8.32

1.25, 1.52

8.88, 7.77, 4.42, 4.42, 1.30, 1.3, 5.32, 2.35

FINISH

Relationship Between Digits

START 962.69, 9.443.2, 54.45, 7.279.21, 29.3

233.45, 65.657, 318,354.6, 281.25, 7

564.28.68, 55.916

44.918, 528,358.382, 8,689.4, 89.9

231.3, 259.689, 28.257

6.779.684.3

5.934.93.65, 5.951, 7.879.492.332, 75,687.328

FINISH

Number and Operations in Base Ten

Measurement conversions customary units



9 Ft = in 3T = lb 288 in = yd 3 mi = Ft 44 oz = lb 12 lb = oz 1 gal = pt

139 Ft = yd 322 in = Ft 4 mi = Ft 212 oz = lb 5 T = lb 56 Ft = oz = c 482 Ft = yd

3 gal = pt 6 T = lb 135 oz = lb 9,24 Ft = mi 56 oz = c 69 in = Ft 56 yd = in

28 Ft = yd 212 oz = lb 56 pt = gal 5 ml = Ft 23 oz = pt 23 in = yd

23 gal = qt 2 gal = pt

FINISH

START

L=3 W=5 H=6 L=4 W=5 H=7 L=1 W=5 H=6 L=3 W=2 H=6 L=3 W=5 H=3 L=4 W=5 H=6 L=3 W=4 H=6

L=5 W=9 H=6 L=2 W=2 H=6 L=8 W=9 H=6 L=1 W=2 H=3 L=2 W=5 H=2 L=3 W=10 H=6 L=3 W=8 H=4

L=1 W=1 H=6 L=8 W=9 H=6 L=1 W=2 H=3 L=2 W=5 H=2 L=3 W=10 H=6 L=3 W=8 H=4

L=9 W=4 H=6 L=2 W=5 H=6 L=4 W=4 H=6 L=3 W=3 H=3 L=8 W=5 H=6 L=8 W=8 H=8 L=9 W=5 H=6

L=1 W=7 H=6 L=10 W=3 H=6 L=7 W=7 H=9 L=1 W=5 H=5 L=8 W=8 H=8 L=4 W=5 H=7 L=3 W=7 H=6

L=8 W=5 H=9 L=2 W=5 H=9 L=6 W=10 H=9 L=1 W=5 H=5 L=4 W=5 H=7 L=9 W=5 H=9 L=9 W=5 H=9

L=2 W=5 H=9 L=3 W=8 H=8

FINISH

Volume

START

2,000 mg = g 104 km = m 480 cm = m 56 kg = g 8 mm = cm

12359 L = mL 319,050 mm = cm 125.67 cm = mm 51,460 m = km 76.55 km = m 615,000 mm = m

8138 g = mg 49,50 mg = g 513.2 kg = g 81,020 g = mg 1.93 m = cm 9,640 cm = m

3739 cm = mm 2.89 L = mL 46.89 g = mg 8.92 m = mm 52.93 m = cm

7449 km = m 82,099 mm = m

129 m = mm 2,317 cm = m 53.36 m = cm 2,830 m = km 52.26 km = m

63 cm = mm

FINISH

Measurement & Data



Geometry

START

Classify Triangles

FINISH

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START

2D Figures

FINISH

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START

Plotting ordered pairs on coordinate grids

FINISH

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Number and Operations FRACTIONS

START $\frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{8} + 12$ $9 - \frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{7} + 14$ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{10}$

Adding & Subtracting Fractions
★Unlike Denominators★

$\frac{8}{10} - \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{6}$ $\frac{4}{4} + \frac{6}{22}$ $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{6}{11}$ $\frac{8}{9} + 10$

$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{8}{10}$ $\frac{5}{6} + 6$ $\frac{5}{6} + \frac{2}{3}$

FINISH

START $1 + 2$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $4 + 9$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $1 + 10$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $8 + 9$







Fractions as Division Problems

$\frac{2}{10}$ $1 + 6$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $4 + 7$ $\frac{2}{6}$ $2 + 9$

$2 - 8$ $\frac{6}{7}$ $3 + 9$

$3 + 10$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $4 + 10$ $\frac{1}{10}$ $2 - 10$

$3 + 6$ $2 - 11$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $2 + 7$

START      

Identify Fractions

START $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

Adding & Subtracting Fractions
★Like Denominators★

$2\frac{1}{8} - \frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{6}{6} - \frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{4}{4} + \frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{11}{11} - \frac{6}{11}$ $\frac{8}{8} + \frac{8}{8}$

$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{7}{9}$ $\frac{8}{9} - \frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{8}{9} + \frac{1}{9}$ $\frac{4}{4} - \frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{9}{12} + \frac{8}{12}$

$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{8}{10} + \frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{4}{4} - \frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$

START $3\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{4}{3}$ $2\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $1\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{10}{3}$ $1\frac{2}{5}$

Mixed Numbers & Improper Fractions

$\frac{24}{4}$ $\frac{5}{10}$ $\frac{8}{3}$ $4\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{6}{2}$ $3\frac{8}{8}$

$2\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{13}{4}$ $\frac{9}{8}$ $3\frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{2}{1}$ $1\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{19}{4}$

$2\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{8}{4}$ $1\frac{4}{8}$ **FINISH** $2\frac{2}{7}$

$\frac{18}{6}$ $\frac{17}{10}$

$1\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{14}{4}$ $4\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{11}{9}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$

START $41 \div \frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8} \div 12$ $9 \div \frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{7} \div 14$ $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{6}{11}$ $\frac{8}{9} \div 10$

Dividing Fractions

$\frac{2}{4} \div \frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{6}{8} \div \frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{4} \div \frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{6}{11}$ $\frac{8}{9} \div 10$

$\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{9}{8} \div \frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{10}{10} \div \frac{5}{28}$ $\frac{5}{4} \div \frac{2}{23}$ $\frac{10}{10} \div \frac{4}{9}$ $82 \div \frac{1}{2}$

$5\frac{2}{5} \div 6$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{4}{3} \div 4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{8}{9}$ **FINISH** $\frac{5}{4} \div 6$

$\frac{2}{8} \div \frac{6}{9}$ $\frac{5}{4} \div \frac{2}{23}$ $\frac{5}{4} \div \frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{8}{9} \div \frac{1}{10}$

$1\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{4}{4} \div \frac{8}{10}$ $\frac{3}{12} \div \frac{6}{7}$ $\frac{8}{8} \div \frac{9}{10}$ $15 \div \frac{2}{3}$

$\frac{5}{4} \div \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{10}{10} \div \frac{9}{10}$ $\frac{5}{4} \div \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{10}{10} \div \frac{9}{10}$

START $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

Equivalent Fractions

$\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{5}{10}$ $\frac{7}{9}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{8}{8}$

$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{6}{10}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ **FINISH** $\frac{6}{7}$

$\frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{2}{10}$

$\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{6}{10}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ **FINISH** $2\frac{2}{7}$

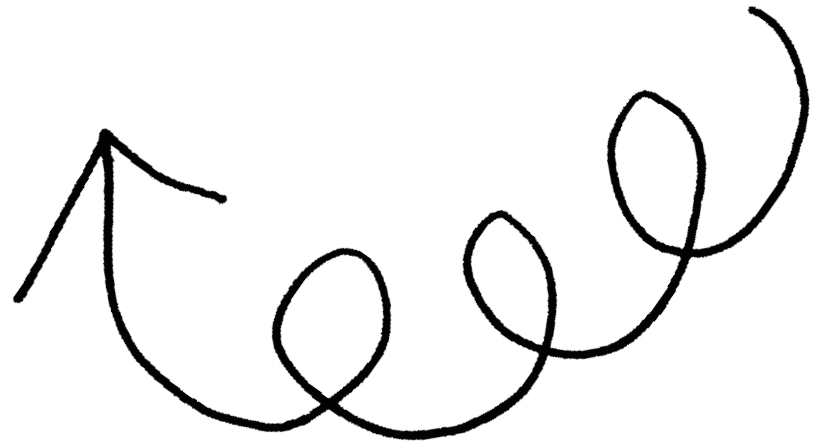
$\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{2}{7}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{3}{7}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{2}{5}$

**5th Grade
Math
Matching
Games
ENTIRE YEAR!**

THIS BOARD GAME BUNDLE INCLUDES:

- 29 Matching Puzzle Sets
- Directions Page
- Standards Alignment Chart
- Recording Sheets
- Answer Keys



Are you tired of spending time
looking for standards based
activities for your math class?

Save yourself time and energy with these
matching games that are already aligned to
your standards, include an answer key for
quick grading, and are sure to keep your
students engaged during math practice
time!

Matching Topics Included:

1. Order of Operations
2. Numerical Patterns Using Rules
3. Writing and Solving Expressions
4. Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 digit by 2 digit
5. Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 digit by 3 digit and 3 digit by 3 digit
6. Divide Whole Numbers
7. Rounding Decimals
8. Comparing Decimals
9. Writing Decimals: Standard and Expanded Form
10. Writing Decimals: Standard and Word
11. Adding and Subtracting Decimals
12. Multiplying Decimals
13. Dividing Decimals
14. Multiplying and Dividing Powers of Ten
15. Exponents
16. Writing Fractions as Division Problems
17. Equivalent Fractions
18. Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions
19. Add and Subtract Fractions with Like Denominators
20. Add and Subtract Fractions with Unlike Denominators
21. Multiplying Fraction
22. Dividing Fractions
23. Measurement Conversions: Customary
24. Measurement Conversions: Metric
25. Calculate Volume
26. Elapsed Time
27. Plot Ordered Pairs on a Coordinate Grid
28. Classify Quadrilaterals
29. Classify Triangles

Each Game Includes:

- Direction Page
- 20 Standards-Based Problems
- Student Recording Sheets
- Teacher Answer Key

Start Time 1:50 am
End Time 4:51 am

3 hours
1 minute

Start Time 2:35 pm
End Time 3:56 pm

1 hour
42 minutes

Start Time 6:35 pm
End Time 11:46 pm

5 hours
11 minutes

Start Time 1:10 am
End Time 4:05 am

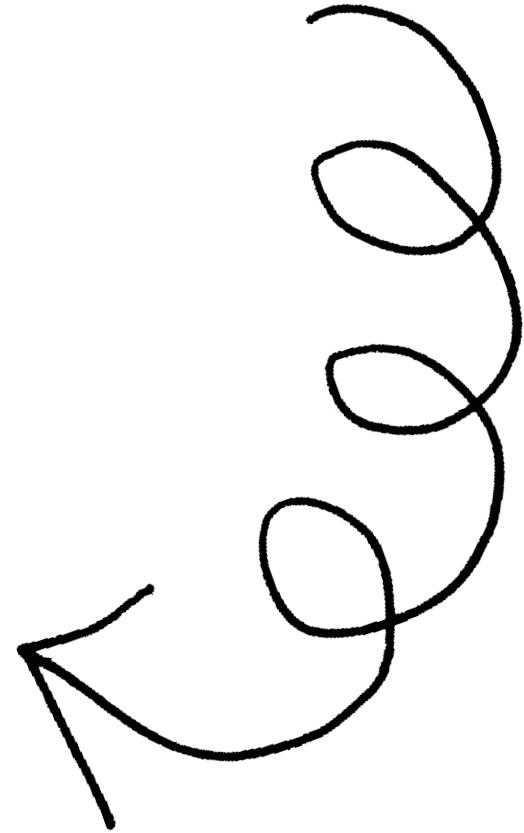
2 hours
55 minutes

Start Time 8:48 am
End Time 2:20 pm

5 hours
32 minutes

Start Time 6:01 pm
End Time 7:17 pm

1 hour
16 minutes

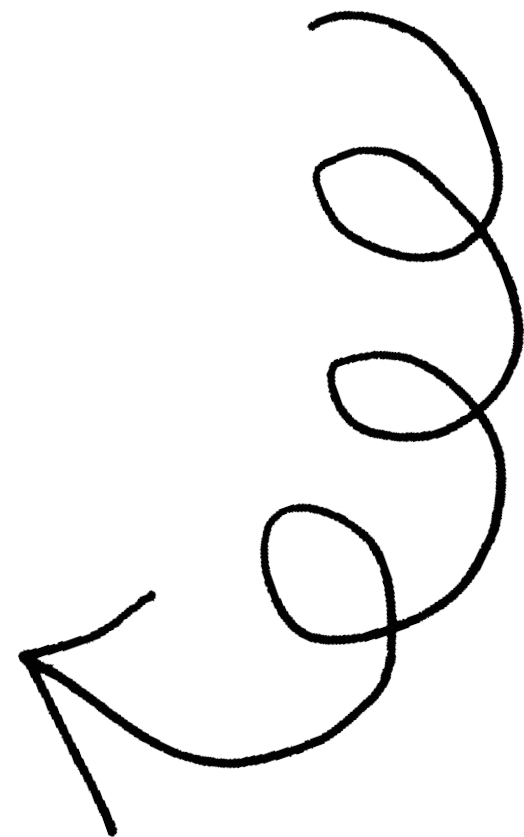


Students won't even realize they are learning!

Name: _____

Recording Sheet

=	=
=	=
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=	=
=	=



Hold students accountable with a recording sheet!

**COMMON
CORE
STANDARDS
ALIGNMENT**

Common Core Standards Alignment

GEOMETRY

Benchmark	Standard Description	Board Game Aligned
5.G.A.1	Use a pair of perpendicular number lines, called axes, to define a coordinate system, with the intersection of the lines (the origin) arranged to coincide with the 0 on each line and a given point in the plane located by using an ordered pair of numbers, called its coordinates. Understand that the first number indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g., x-axis and x-coordinate, y-axis and y-coordinate).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plot Ordered Pairs on Coordinate Grids
5.G.B.3	Understand that attributes belonging to a category of two-dimensional figures also belong to all subcategories of that category.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Classify Quadrilaterals
5.G.B.4	Classify two-dimensional figures in a hierarchy based on properties.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Classify Triangles

Common Core Standards Alignment

MEASUREMENT AND DATA

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
5.MD.A.1	Convert among different-sized standard measurement units (i.e., km, m, cm; kg, g; lb, oz.; l, ml; hr, min, sec) within a given measurement system (e.g., convert 5 cm to 0.05 m), and use these conversions in solving multi-step, real world problems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measurement Conversions Customary Units Elapsed Time
5.MD.C.5	<p>Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.</p> <p>a. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.</p> <p>b. Apply the formulas $V = l \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.</p> <p>c. Recognize volume as additive. Find volumes of solid figures composed of two non-overlapping right rectangular prisms by adding the volumes of the non-overlapping parts, applying this technique to solve real world problems.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate Volume Board Game

Common Core Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
5.NBT.A.2	Explain patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiply Powers of Ten • Multiplying and Dividing Powers of Ten • Exponents
5.NBT.A.3	Read, write, and compare decimals to thousandths. a. Read and write decimals to thousandths using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form, e.g., $347.392 = 3 \times 100 + 4 \times 10 + 7 \times 1 + 3 \times (1/10) + 9 \times (1/100) + 2 \times (1/1000)$. b. Compare two decimals to thousandths based on meanings of the digits in each place, using $>$, $=$, and $<$ symbols to record the results of comparisons.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare Decimals • Writing Decimals: Standard and Expanded Form • Writing Decimals: Standard and Word Form
5.NBT.A.4	Use place value understanding to round decimals to any place.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Round Decimals
5.NBT.B.5	Fluently multiply multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 Digit by 2 Digit • Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 Digit by 3 Digit and 3 Digit by 3 Digit
5.NBT.B.6	Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Divide Whole Numbers
5.NBT.B.7	Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adding and Subtracting Decimals • Multiply Decimals • Divide Decimals

Common Core Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS - FRACTIONS

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
5.NF.A.1	Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (including mixed numbers) by replacing given fractions with equivalent fractions in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference of fractions with like denominators.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add and Subtract Fractions with Like Denominators Add and Subtract Fractions with unlike Denominators
5.NF.B.3	Interpret a fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator ($a/b = a \div b$). Solve word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers, e.g., by using visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writing Fractions as Division Problems
5.NF.B.4	<p>Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication to multiply a fraction or whole number by a fraction.</p> <p>a. Interpret the product $(a/b) \times q$ as a parts of a partition of q into b equal parts; equivalently, as the result of a sequence of operations $a \times q \div b$</p> <p>b. Find the area of a rectangle with fractional side lengths by tiling it with unit squares of the appropriate unit fraction side lengths, and show that the area is the same as would be found by multiplying the side lengths. Multiply fractional side lengths to find areas of rectangles, and represent fraction products as rectangular areas.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply Fractions

Common Core Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS – FRACTIONS

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
5.NF.B.5	<p>Interpret multiplication as scaling (resizing), by:</p> <p>a. Comparing the size of a product to the size of one factor on the basis of the size of the other factor, without performing the indicated multiplication.</p> <p>b. Explaining why multiplying a given number by a fraction greater than 1 results in a product greater than the given number (recognizing multiplication by whole numbers greater than 1 as a familiar case); explaining why multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 results in a product smaller than the given number; and relating the principle of fraction equivalence $a/b = (n \times a)/(n \times b)$ to the effect of multiplying a/b by 1.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equivalent Fractions • Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions
5.NF.B.7	<p>Apply and extend previous understandings of division to divide unit fractions by whole numbers and whole numbers by unit fractions.</p> <p>a. Interpret division of a unit fraction by a non-zero whole number, and compute such quotients.</p> <p>b. Interpret division of a whole number by a unit fraction, and compute such quotients.</p> <p>c. Solve real world problems involving division of unit fractions by non-zero whole numbers and division of whole numbers by unit fractions, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Divide Fractions

Common Core Standards Alignment

OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
5.OA.A.1	Use parentheses, brackets, or braces in numerical expressions, and evaluate expressions with these symbols.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Order of Operations
5.OA.A.2	Write simple expressions that record calculations with numbers, and interpret numerical expressions without evaluating them.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Writing and Solving Expressions
5.OA.B.3	Generate two numerical patterns using two given rules. Identify apparent relationships between corresponding terms. Form ordered pairs consisting of corresponding terms from the two patterns, and graph the ordered pairs on a coordinate plane.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Numerical Patterns Using Rules

FLORIDA STANDARDS ALIGNMENT

Florida Standards Alignment

GEOMETRY

Benchmark	Standard Description	Board Game Aligned
MAFS.5.G.1	Use a pair of perpendicular number lines, called axes, to define a coordinate system, with the intersection of the lines (the origin) arranged to coincide with the 0 on each line and a given point in the plane located by using an ordered pair of numbers, called its coordinates. Understand that the first number indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g., x-axis and x-coordinate, y-axis and y-coordinate).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plot Ordered Pairs on Coordinate Grids
MAFS.5.G.2.3	Understand that attributes belonging to a category of two-dimensional figures also belong to all subcategories of that category.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Classify Quadrilaterals
MAFS.5.G.2.4	Classify and organize two-dimensional figures into Venn diagrams based on the attributes of the figures.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Classify Triangles

Florida Standards Alignment

MEASUREMENT AND DATA

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
MAFS.5.MD.1	Convert among different-sized standard measurement units (i.e., km, m, cm; kg, g; lb, oz.; l, ml; hr, min, sec) within a given measurement system (e.g., convert 5 cm to 0.05 m), and use these conversions in solving multi-step, real world problems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measurement Conversions Customary Units Elapsed Time
MAFS.5.MD.3.5	<p>Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.</p> <p>a. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.</p> <p>b. Apply the formulas $V = l \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.</p> <p>c. Recognize volume as additive. Find volumes of solid figures composed of two non-overlapping right rectangular prisms by adding the volumes of the non-overlapping parts, applying this technique to solve real world problems.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate Volume Board Game

Florida Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
MAFS.5.NBT.1.2	Explain patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply Powers of Ten Multiplying and Dividing Powers of Ten Exponents
MAFS.5.NBT.1.3	Read, write, and compare decimals to thousandths. a. Read and write decimals to thousandths using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form, e.g., $347.392 = 3 \times 100 + 4 \times 10 + 7 \times 1 + 3 \times (1/10) + 9 \times (1/100) + 2 \times (1/1000)$. b. Compare two decimals to thousandths based on meanings of the digits in each place, using $>$, $=$, and $<$ symbols to record the results of comparisons.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare Decimals Writing Decimals: Standard and Expanded Form Writing Decimals: Standard and Word Form
MAFS.5.NBT.1.4	Use place value understanding to round decimals to any place.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Round Decimals
MAFS.5.NBT.2.5	Fluently multiply multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 Digit by 2 Digit Multiply Whole Numbers: 2 Digit by 3 Digit and 3 Digit by 3 Digit
MAFS.5.NBT.2.6	Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Divide Whole Numbers
MAFS.5.NBT.2.7	Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adding and Subtracting Decimals Multiply Decimals Divide Decimals

Florida Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS - FRACTIONS

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
MAFS.5.NF.1	Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (including mixed numbers) by replacing given fractions with equivalent fractions in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference of fractions with like denominators.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add and Subtract Fractions with Like Denominators Add and Subtract Fractions with unlike Denominators
MAFS.5.NF.2.3	Interpret a fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator ($a/b = a \div b$). Solve word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers, e.g., by using visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writing Fractions as Division Problems
MAFS.5.NF.2.4	<p>Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication to multiply a fraction or whole number by a fraction.</p> <p>a. Interpret the product $(a/b) \times q$ as a parts of a partition of q into b equal parts; equivalently, as the result of a sequence of operations $a \times q \div b$</p> <p>b. Find the area of a rectangle with fractional side lengths by tiling it with unit squares of the appropriate unit fraction side lengths, and show that the area is the same as would be found by multiplying the side lengths. Multiply fractional side lengths to find areas of rectangles, and represent fraction products as rectangular areas.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply Fractions

Florida Standards Alignment

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS – FRACTIONS

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
MAFS.5.NF.2.5	<p>Interpret multiplication as scaling (resizing), by:</p> <p>a. Comparing the size of a product to the size of one factor on the basis of the size of the other factor, without performing the indicated multiplication.</p> <p>b. Explaining why multiplying a given number by a fraction greater than 1 results in a product greater than the given number (recognizing multiplication by whole numbers greater than 1 as a familiar case); explaining why multiplying a given number by a fraction less than 1 results in a product smaller than the given number; and relating the principle of fraction equivalence $a/b = (n \times a)/(n \times b)$ to the effect of multiplying a/b by 1.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equivalent Fractions • Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions
MAFS.5.NF.2.7	<p>Apply and extend previous understandings of division to divide unit fractions by whole numbers and whole numbers by unit fractions.</p> <p>a. Interpret division of a unit fraction by a non-zero whole number, and compute such quotients.</p> <p>b. Interpret division of a whole number by a unit fraction, and compute such quotients.</p> <p>c. Solve real world problems involving division of unit fractions by non-zero whole numbers and division of whole numbers by unit fractions, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Divide Fractions

Florida Standards Alignment

OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Benchmark	Standard Description	Game Aligned
MAFS.5.OA.1.1	Use parentheses, brackets, or braces in numerical expressions, and evaluate expressions with these symbols.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Order of Operations
MAFS.5.OA.1.2	Write simple expressions that record calculations with numbers, and interpret numerical expressions without evaluating them.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Writing and Solving Expressions
MAFS.5.OA.2.3	Generate two numerical patterns using two given rules. Identify apparent relationships between corresponding terms. Form ordered pairs consisting of corresponding terms from the two patterns, and graph the ordered pairs on a coordinate plane.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Numerical Patterns Using Rules